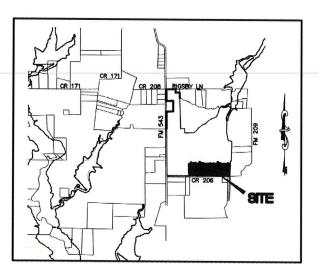
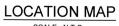
PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF VENETIAN AT WESTON, OFFSITE WATER & SANITARY SEWER

EAST FORK FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 1A, COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS







OWNER HONEYCREEK VENETIAN, LLC 520 CENTRAL PARKWAY EAST, #104 PLANO, TX 75093 (972)422-9880

DEVELOPER HONEYCREEK VENETIAN, LLC 520 CENTRAL PARKWAY EAST, #104 PLANO, TX 75093 (972)422-9880 PRELIMINARY -FOR REVIEW ONLY-

THESE DOCUMENTS ARE FOR DESIGN REVIEW ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR CONSTRUCTION, BIDDING, OR PERMIT PURPOSE. THEY ARE PREPARED BY, OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF:

JAY W. REISSIG 94971 12/16/2020
TYPE OR PRINT NAME PE # DATE

PELOTON LAND SOLUTIONS

ENGINEER
PELOTON LAND SOLUTIONS
11000 FRISCO ST., SUITE 400
FRISCO, TEXAS 75033
PHONE #: (469) 213-1800
TBPE FIRM NO. 12207

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DECEMBER 2020

service line [§290.44(e)(7)].

TCEQ WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM **GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

- This water distribution system must be constructed in accordance with the current Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 290 Subchapter D. When conflicts are noted with local standards, the more stringent requirement shall be appointed A1 a minimum construction for multi- water systems must always upon TCEO. comments are noved with local statuardus, the more statistical requirement shall be applied. At a minimum, construction for public water systems must always meet TCEO's "Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems."
- All newly installed pipes and related products must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/NSF International Standard 61 and must be certified by an organization accredited by ANSI [§290.44(a)(1)].
- Plastic pipe for use in public water systems must bear the NSF International Seal of Approval (NSF-pw) and have an ASTM design pressure rating of at least 150 psi or a standard dimension ratio of 26 or less [§290.44(a)(2)].
- No pipe which has been used for any purpose other than the conveyance of drinking water shall be accepted or relocated for use in any public drinking water supply [\$290.44(a)(3)].
- All water line crossings of wastewater mains shall be perpendicular [§290.44(e)(4)(B)].
- Water transmission and distribution lines shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. However, the top of the water line must be located below the frost line and in no case shall the top of the water line be less than 24 inches below ground surface [§290.44(a)(4)].
- The maximum allowable lead content of pipes, pipe fittings, plumbing fittings, and fixtures is 0.25 percent [§290.44(b)].
- The contractor shall install appropriate air release devices with vent openings to the atmosphere covered with 16-mesh or finer, corrosion resistant screening material or an acceptable equivalent [§290.44(d)(1)].
- The contractor shall not place the pipe in water or where it can be flooded with water or sewage during its storage or installation [§290.44 Ω (1)].
- When waterlines are laid under any flowing or intermittent stream or semi-permanent body of water the waterline shall be installed in a separate waterlight pipe encasement. Valves must be provided on each side of the crossing with facilities to allow the underwater portion of the system to be isolated and tested [§290.44(f)(2)].

- Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5), the hydrostatic leakage rate shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by the most current AWWA formulas for PVC pipe, cast iron and ductife iron pipe, include the formulas in the notes on the plans.
 - The hydrostatic leakage rate for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe and appurrenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-605 as required in 30 TAC \$290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;

$$Q = \frac{LD\sqrt{P}}{149.000}$$

- Q = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
- $L \approx$ the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet,
- D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
- P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch (psi).
- The hydrostatic leakage rate for ductile iron (DI) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-600 as required in 30 TAC \$290.44(a)(5). Picase ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;

$$L = \frac{SD\sqrt{P}}{140000}$$

- L = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
- S = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet.
- D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
- P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch (psi)
- 12. The contractor shall maintain a minimum separation distance in all directions of nine feet between the proposed waterline and wastewater collection facilities including manholes. If this distance cannot be maintained, the contractor must immediately notify the project engineer for further direction. Separation distances, installation methods, and materials utilized must meet §290.44(e)(1)-(4).
- 13. The separation distance from a potable waterline to awastewater main or lateral manhole or cleanout shall be a minimum of nine feet. Where the nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the potable waterline shall be encased in a joint of at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at five-foot intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe shall be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured sealant [§290.44(e)(5)].
- 14. Fire hydrants shall not be installed within nine feet vertically or horizontally of any wastewater line, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line regardless of construction [§290,44(e)(6)].

16. Waterlines shall not be installed closer than ten feet to septic tank drainfields

Suction mains to pumping equipment shall not cross wastewater mains, wastewater laterals, or wastewater service lines. Raw water supply lines shall not be installed within five feet of any tile or concrete wastewater main, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service lies 1500 (15.0%).

- The contractor shall disinfect the new waterlines in accordance with AWWA Standard C-651-14 or most recent, then flush and sample the lines before being placed into service. Samples shall be collected for microbiological analysis to check the effectiveness of the disinfection procedure which shall be repeated if contamination persists. A minimum of one sample for each 1,000 feet of completed waterline will be required or at the next available sampling point beyond 1,000 feet as designated by the design engineer [§290.44(D(3)]].
- Dechlorination of disinfecting water shall be in strict accordance with current AWWA Standard C655-09 or most recent.

Revised February 2019 Page n of n

BENCHMARKS BM #1 - "X" CUT ON HEADW THE EAST SIDE OF FM 543

BM #2 - "X" CUT ON HEADWALL ON THE WEST SIDE OF FM 543,
APPROXIMATELY 2.946' NORTH OF
THE CENTERLINE OF CR 206
ELEVATION = 733.37'

BM #3- "X" CUT ON HEADWALL AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE INTERSECTION OF FM 543 AND CR

PRELIMINARY -FOR REVIEW ONLY-

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NO. DATE

VENETIAN AT WESTON OFFSITE

GENERAL NOTES - TCEQ

WESTON, COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS



TEXAS REGISTRATION ENGINEERING FIRM NO. 12207 11000 FRISCO STREET, SUITE 400, FRISCO, TEXAS 75033 FRISCO OFFICE PHONE: (460) 213-1800

DATE PROJECT # SHEET DECEMBER LEN20001 0.05

Revised February 2019

Page 1 of 3

Revised February 2019

DRAWN: MCM DESIGNED: MCM

Texas Commission on Environmental Qualit Organized Sewags Collection System General Construction Notes

Ethwards Aquiller Protection Program Construction Notes - Lagai Discissing

The fisheringilistics' construction notes' variable for building the properties of t

- This Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS) must be constructed in accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §213.5(c), the Texas Commission on Environmental outlify's (TCE) Ethwards Aquiller Rules and any local government standard specifications.
- All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this proposed regulated project must be provided with copies of the SCS plan and the TCEC letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors must be required to keep on-site copies of the plan and the approval letter.
- A written notice of construction must be submitted to the presiding TCEO regional office at least 48 hours prior to the start of any regulated activities. This notice must include:

 the name of the approved project:
 the activity start dete; and
 the contact information of the prime contractor.
- Any modification to the activities described in the referenced SCS application tollowing the date of approval may require the submittal of an SCS application to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and
- Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized.
- If any sensitive features are discovered during the wastewater line trenching activities, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant must immediately notify the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ of the feature discovered. A geologiet's assessment of the isocation and extent of the feature discovered must be reported to that regional office in writing and the applicant must submit a pian for ensuring the structural integrity of the sewer line or for modifying the proposed collection system alignment around the feature. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the

executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive leature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality while manufating the structural integrity of the line.

- Sewer lines located within or crossing the 5-year floodplain of a draining way will be protected from inundation and stream velocities which could cause erosion and scouring of backfill. The trench must be capped with concrete to prevent scouring of backfill, or the sever lines must be encased in concrete. All concrete shall have a nitrimum thickness of 6 inches.
- Blasting procedures for protection of existing sewer lines and other utilities will be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association criteria. Sand is not allowed as bedding or backfill in tenches that have been blasted. If any existing sewer lines are
- All manholes constructed or renabilitated on this project must have waterlight size on size resilient connectors allowing for differential settlement. If manholes are constructed within the 100-year floodpain, the cover must have a pasted and be botted to the ring. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence or for more than 1500 feet, afternate means of evening will be provided. Bricks are not an acceptable construction

The diameter of the manholes must be a minimum of four feet and the manhole for entry must have a minimum clear opening diameter of 30 inches. These dimensions and other details showing compliance with the commission's rules concerning manholes and sewer line/manhole inverts described in 30 TAC \$217.55 are included on Plan Sheet ___of__

It is suggested that entrance into manholes in excess of four feet deep be accomplished by means of a portable ladder. The inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited.

- Where water lines and new sewer line are installed with a separation distance closer than nine feet (i.e. water lines crossing wastewater lines water lines paralleling wastewater ines, or water lines next to manholes) the installation must meet the requirements of 30 TAC \$277.83(f) (Pipe Design) and 30 TAC \$290.44(e) (Water Distribution).
- Where sewers lines deviate from straight alignment and uniform grade all curvature of sewer pipe must be achieved by the following procedure which is recommended by the pipe

If pipe flexure is proposed, the following method of preventing deflection of the joint must be

Specific care must be taken to ensure that the joint is placed in the center of the Irench and properly bedded in accordance with 30 TAC §217.54.

New sewage collection system lines must be constructed with sub-outs for the connection of articipated extensions. The location of such stub-outs must be marked on the ground such that their location sion be easily determined at the time of connection of the oxdensions. Such slub outs must be manufactured wies or less that are compatible in size and material will both the sewer line and the extension. At the time of original construction, new stub-outs must be constructed sufficiently to extend beyond the end of the street pavement. All stub-outs must be sealed with a manufactured cap to prevent leakage. Extensions that were not auticipated at the time of original construction or that are to be connected to an existing sewer line not furnished with stub outs must be connected using a manufactured saddle and in accordance with accepted plumbing techniques

TCEQ-0596 (Res., July 15, 2015)

If no stub-out is present an alternate method of joining laterals is shown in the detail on Plan

The private service lateral stub-outs must be installed as shown on the plan and profile sheets on Plan Sheet __of __ and marked after backfilling as shown in the detail on Plan Sheet __of __.

- Trenching, bedding and backfill must conform with 30 TAC §217.54. The bedding and backfill for flaxible pipe must comply with the standards of ASTM D-2321, Classes IA, IB, II or III. Rigid pipe bedding must comply with the requirements of ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) classes A, B or C.
- Sewer lines must be tested from manhole to manhole. When a new sewer line is connected to an existing sub- or clean-out, if must be tested from existing manhole to new manhole. If a sub- or clean-out is used at the end of the proposed sewer line, no private service attachments may be connected between the last manhole and the cleanout unless it can be cartified as ning with the provisions of 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(E)
- All sewer lines must be teated in accordance with 30 TAC §217.57. The engineer must retain copies of all test results which must be made available to the executive director upon request. The engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Testing method will be

For a collection system pipe that will transport westewater by gravity flow, the design must specify an infiltration and exfiltration test or a tow-pressure air test. A test must

conform to the following requirements:

Pressure Air Fest.

A low pressure air lest must follow the procedures described in American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C-924, or ASTM F-1417 or other procedure approved by the executive offector, except as to testing times as required in Table C.3 in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph or Equation C.3 in subparagraph (B)(ii) of this paragraph. For sections of collection system pipe less than 36 inch average inside

clameter, the following procedure must apply, unless a pipe is to be tested as required by paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(i) A pipe must be pressurized to 3.5 pounds per square inch (psi) greater than the pressure exerted by groundwater above the

pipe.

Once the pressure is stabilized, the minimum time allowable for the pressure to drop from 3.5 psi gauge to 2.5 psi gauge is computed from the following equation

 $T = \frac{0.085 \times D \times K}{}$ Equation C.3

- T = time for pressure to drop 1.0 pound per square inch gauge in
- seconds 0.000419 X D X L, but not less than 1.0 average inside pipe diameter in inches

TCEO-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

length of line of same size being tested, in feet rate of loss, 0.0015 cubic feet per minute per square foot internal

Since a K value of less than 1.0 may not be used, the minimum testing time for each pipe diameter is shown in the following Table C.3:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Minimum Time (seconds)	Maximum Length for Minimum Time (feet)	Time for Longer Length (secondsifoot)
6	340	398	0.855
ė	454	298	1.520
10	567	239	2.374
12	680	199	3.419
15	850	159	5.342
18	1020	133	7.693
21	1190	114	10.471
24	1360	100	13.676
27	1530	88	17.309
30	1700	80	21.369
33	1870	72	25.856

procedure outlined in this section.

- An owner may stop a test if no pressure loss has occurred during the first 25% of the calculated testing time. If any pressure loss or leakage has occurred during the first 25% of a testing period, then the test must continue for the entire test duration as
- outlined above or until failure. Wastewater collection system pipes with a 27 inch or larger average inside diameter may be air tested at each joint instead of following the
- (G) A testing procedure for pipe with an inside diameter greater than 33
- A losting procedure for pipe with an inside diameter greater than 33 inches must be approved by the executive director.
 Infiltration:Extitration Test.

 (A) The lotal extillration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 50 gallons per inch of diameter per mile of pipe par 24 hours at a minimum test head of 2.0 feet above the crown of a pipe at an increase example.
- (B) An owner shall use an infiltration test in lieu of an exhibitor test when
- (E) An owner shall use an initiration test in lieu of an exitiration test when pipes are installed below the groundwater level.
 (C) The total exhitration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 50 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at a minimum test head of two feet above the crown of a pipe at an upstream markhole, or at least two feet above existing groundwater level, whichever is greated.
- whichever is greater.

 For construction within a 25-year flood plain, the infiltration or extiltration must not exceed 10 gations per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at the same minimum test head as in subparagraph (C) of this
- If the quantity of infiltration or exhitration exceeds the maximum quantity specified, an owner shall undertake remedial action in order to reduci

Page 4 of 5

the infiltration or exfiltration to an amount within the limits specified. An the initiration or exhitiration to an amount within the limits specified. An owner shall releast a pipe following a remediation action.

(b) If a gravity collection pipe is composed of flexible pipe, deflection testing is also required. The following procedures must be followed:

(1) For a collection pipe with inside diameter least than 27 inches, deflection measurement requires a rigid mandrel.

(A) Mandrel String.

(b) A rigid mandrel must have an outside diameter (OD) not loss than 2015 for the sixty inside diameter (OD) not loss.

- A rigid mandral must have an outside diameter (OD) not less than 95% of the base inside diameter (ID) or average ID of a pipe, as specified in the appropriate standard by the ASTMs. American Water Works Association, UNI-BELL, or American National Standards Institute, or any related appendix. If a mandrel sizing diameter is not specified in the appropriate standard, the mandrel must have an OD equal to 95% of the ID of a pipe. In this case, the ID of the pipe, for the purpose of determining the OD of the mandrel, must equal be the average cutside futureter misus two minimum with blicknesses for OD. outside diameter minus two minimum wall thicknesses for OD controlled pipe and the average inside diameter for ID controlled nine

All dimensions must meet the appropriate standard

- (B)
 - on busight.

 A rigid mandrel must be constructed of a metal or a rigid plastic material that can withstand 200 psi without being deformed.

 A mandrel must have nine or more odd number of runners or
 - legs. A barrel section length must equal at least 75% of the inside Each size mandrel must use a separate proving ring
- (C) Method Ontions
- denection tost.

 If requested, the executive director may approve the use of a deflectometer or a mandrel with removable legs or renners on a case-by-case basis.
- For a gravity collection system pipe with an inside diameter 27 inches and greater, other fest methods may be used to determine vertical deflection A deflection test method must be accurate to within plus or minus 0.2% (3)
- (4) An owner shall not conduct a deflection test until at least 30 days after the final
- Gravity collection system pipe deflection must not exceed five percent (5%). If a pipe section falls a deflection test, an owner shall correct the problem and conduct a second test after the final backfill has been in place at least 30 days.
- 16 All manholes must be tested to meet or exceed the requirements of 30 TAC \$217.58.

 - namous must be estect to meet or exceed the requirements of 30 TAC \$217.58.

 All manholes must pass a leakage test.

 An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other mathod approved by the executive director (1) Hydrostatic Tasting

TCEO-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth

- per hour.

 To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water, and maintain the test for at least one hour.
- (C) A test for concrete manholes may use a 24-hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concret

- (2) Yacuum Testing.

 (A) To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift belos and oxterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole.

 (B) No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing.

 (C) Stub-outs, manhole boots, and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent
 - movement while a vacuum is drawn. (D) An owner shall use a minimum 60 incivits forme wrench to tinhten the
 - At owner shall see a minimum to income anyther to the top of a manhole.

 A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section, and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's (E)
 - There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to
 - perform a valid test.
 A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves. closed, the vacuum is at least 9.0 inches of mercury.
- All private service laterals must be inspected and certified in accordance with 30 TAC All private service laterals must be inspected and certified in accordance with 30 TAC \$73.55(e)(3)). After installation of and, prior to covering and connecting a private service lateral to an existing organized sawage collection system. a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, Texas Registered Sanitanan, or appropriate city inspector must visually inspect the private service lateral and the connection to the sewage collection system, and certify that it is constructed in conformity with the applicabile provisions of this section. The conter of the collection system must maintain such certifications for five years and forward copies to the appropriate regional office upon request. Connections may only be made to an approved sewage collection system.

Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A Austin, Texas 78753-1808 Sen Antonio Regional Office 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 Phone (512) 339-2929 Phone (210) 490-3096 Fax (512) 339-3795

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

ICEG-0596 (Rev. Adv 15, 2015)

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE FOLLOWING AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THIS AREA: 1-800-344-8377

VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

TEXAS 811 ATMOS GAS 972-881-4161 TXU ELECTRIC DELIVERY 1-800-711-9112 WESTON WATER SUPPPLY 972-382-2245 NORTH COLLIN SUD 972-837-2331 CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY ALL EXISTING UTILITIES

> PRFI IMINARY -FOR REVIEW ONLY-

THE WEST SIDE OF FM 543, APPROXIMATELY 2,946' NORTH O THE CENTERLINE OF CR 206 ELEVATION = 733.37

BENCHMARKS

BM #3- "X" CUT ON HEADWALL A THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF TH INTERSECTION OF FM 543 AND CI

THESE DOCUMENTS ARE FOR

JAY W. REISSIG 94971 12/16/2020 PE# DATE

ELEVATION = 717.56 NO. DATE

VENETIAN AT WESTON OFFSITE

GENERAL NOTES - TCEQ

WESTON, COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS

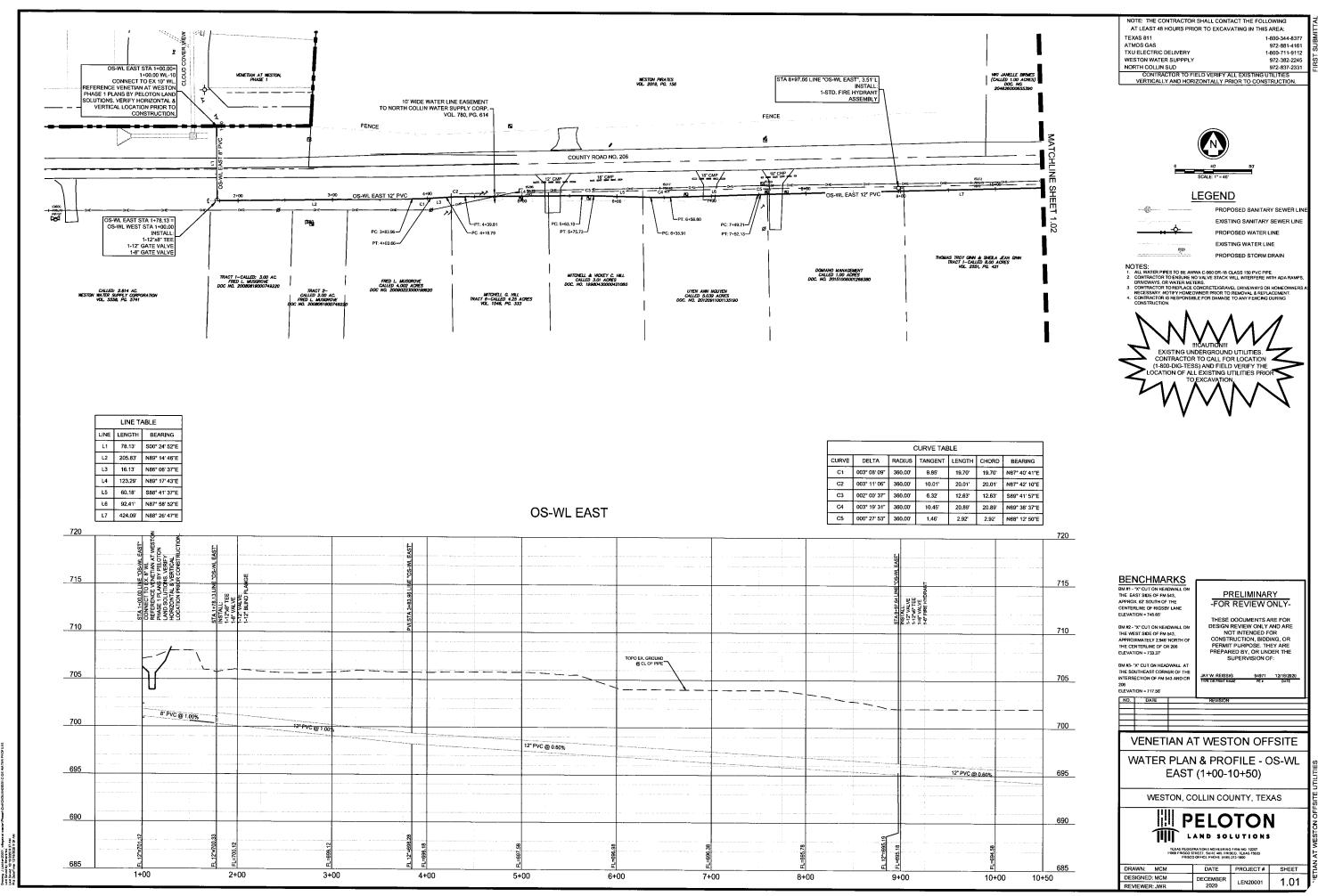


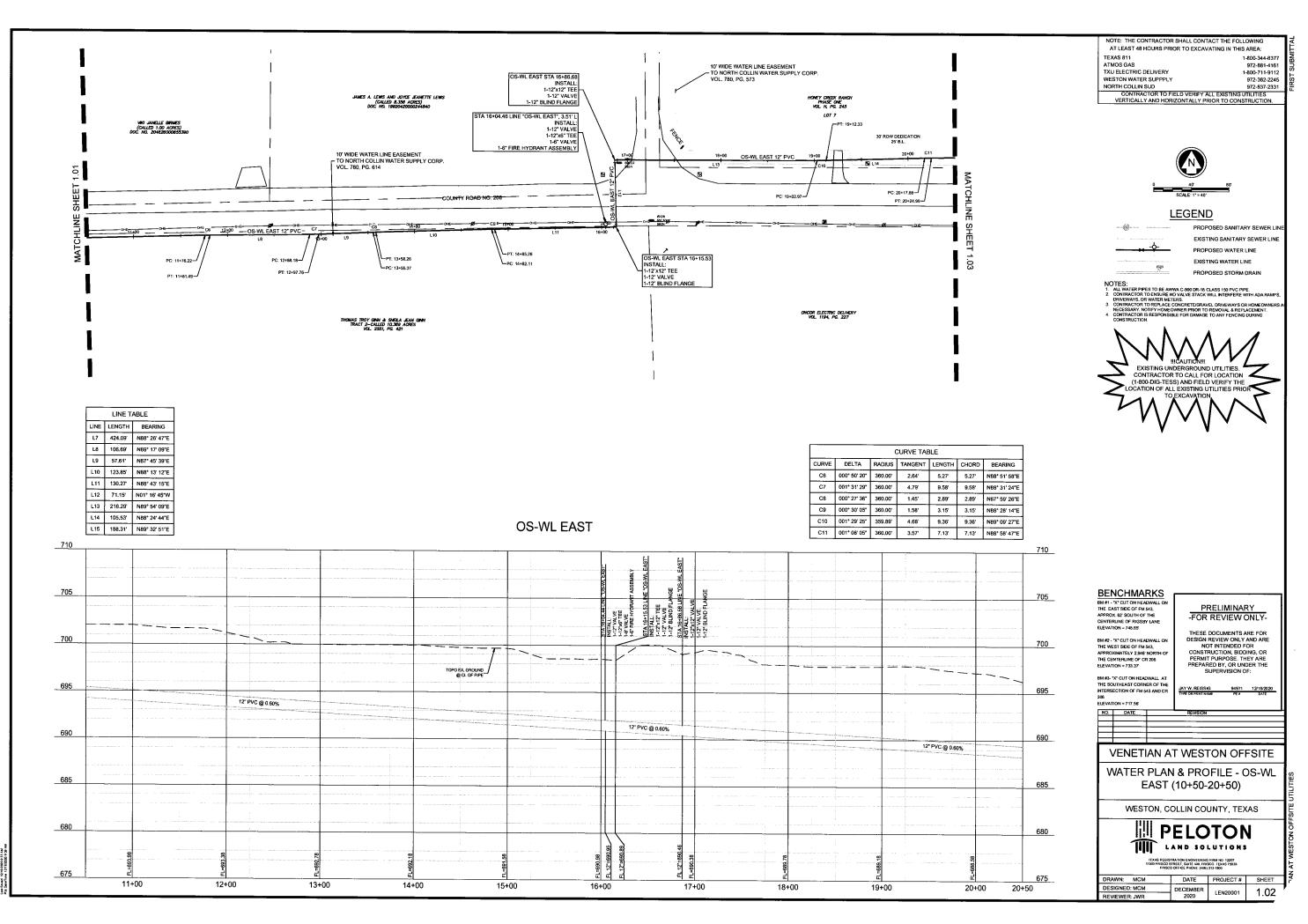
TEXAS REGISTRATION ENGINEERING FIRM NO. 12207 1000 FRISCO STREET, SUITE 400, FRISCO, TEXAS 75033 FRISCO OFFICE PHONE (489) 213-1800

DATE PROJECT # RAWN: MCM SHEET ESIGNED: MCM DECEMBER 0.06 LEN20001

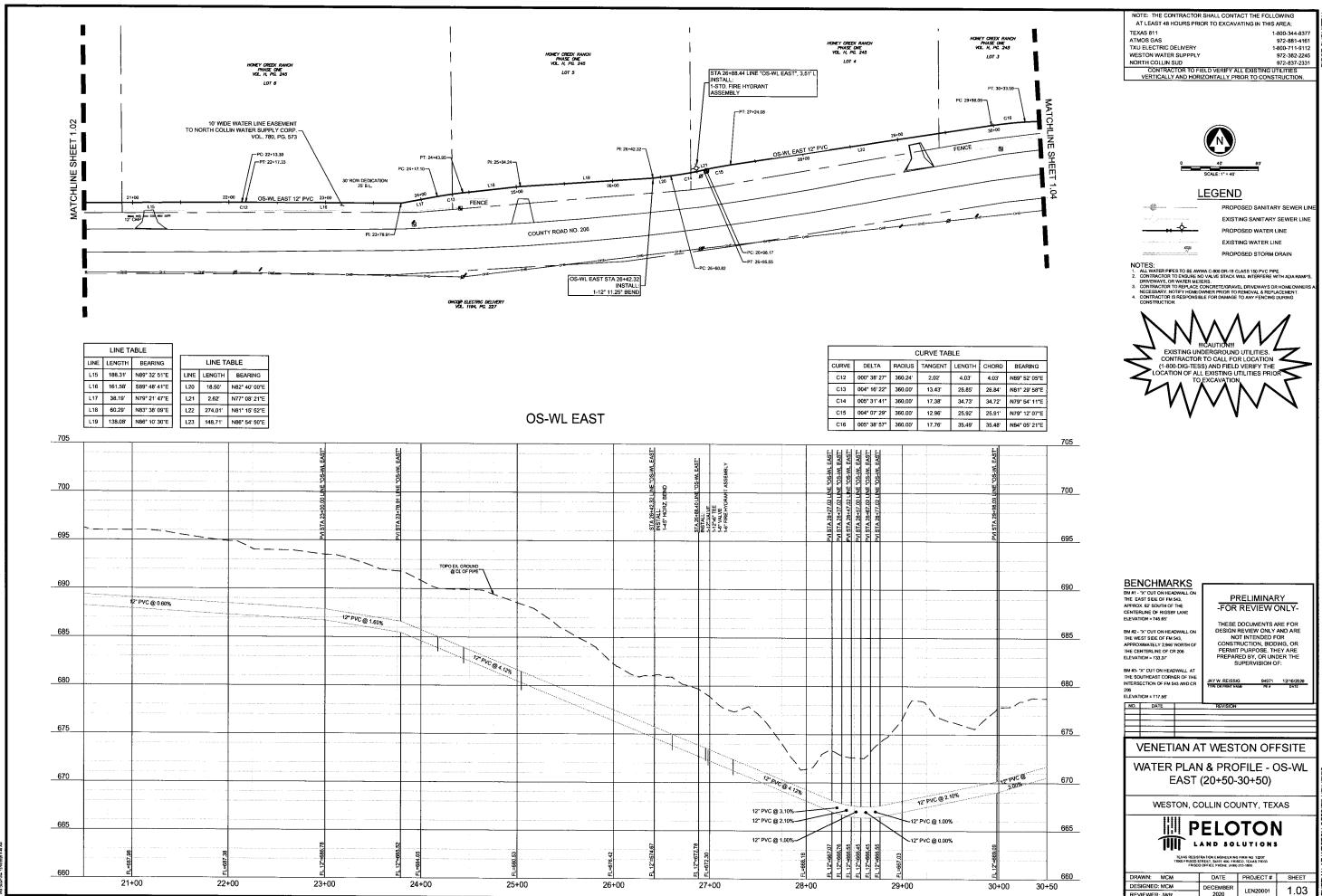
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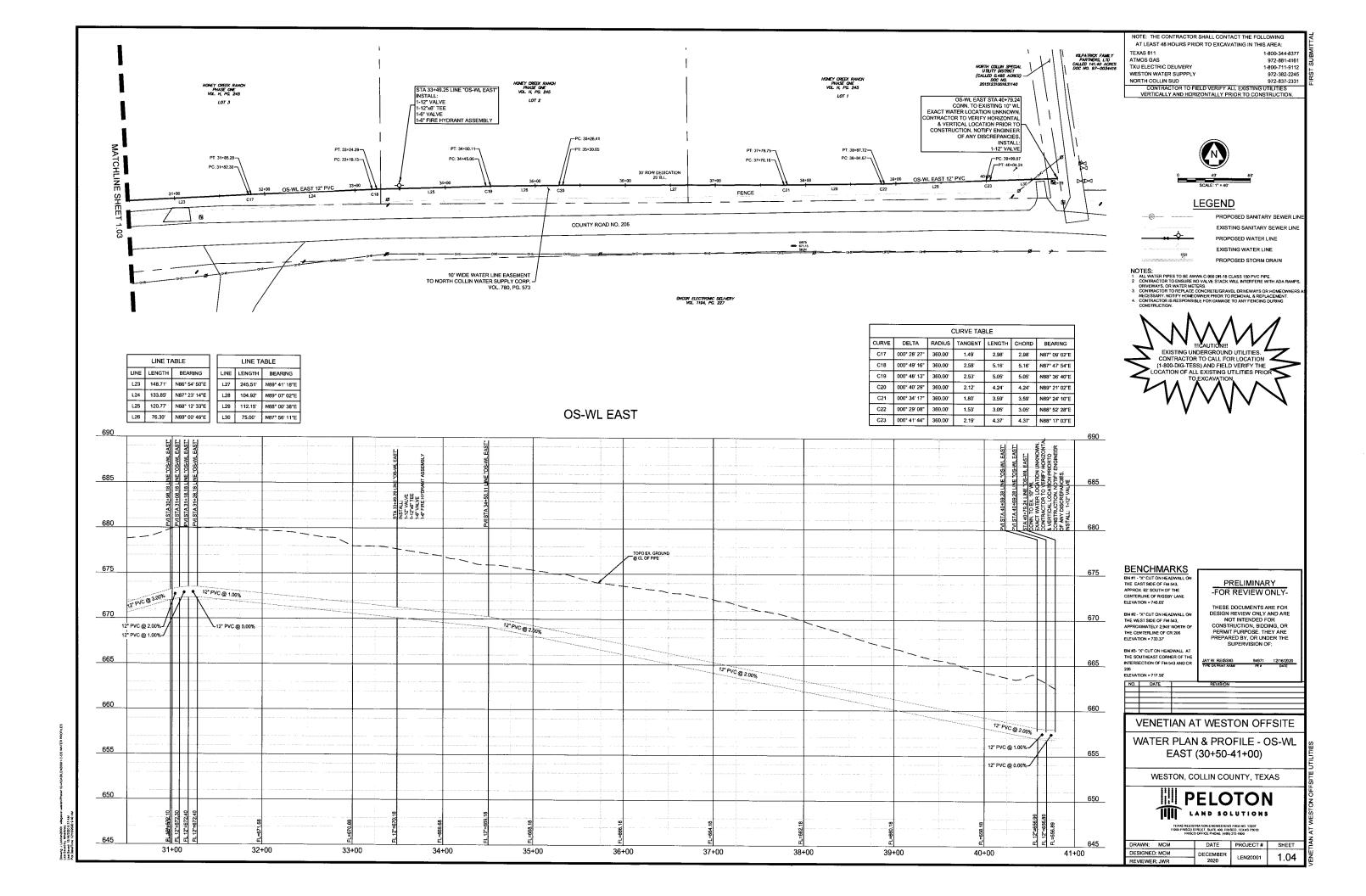
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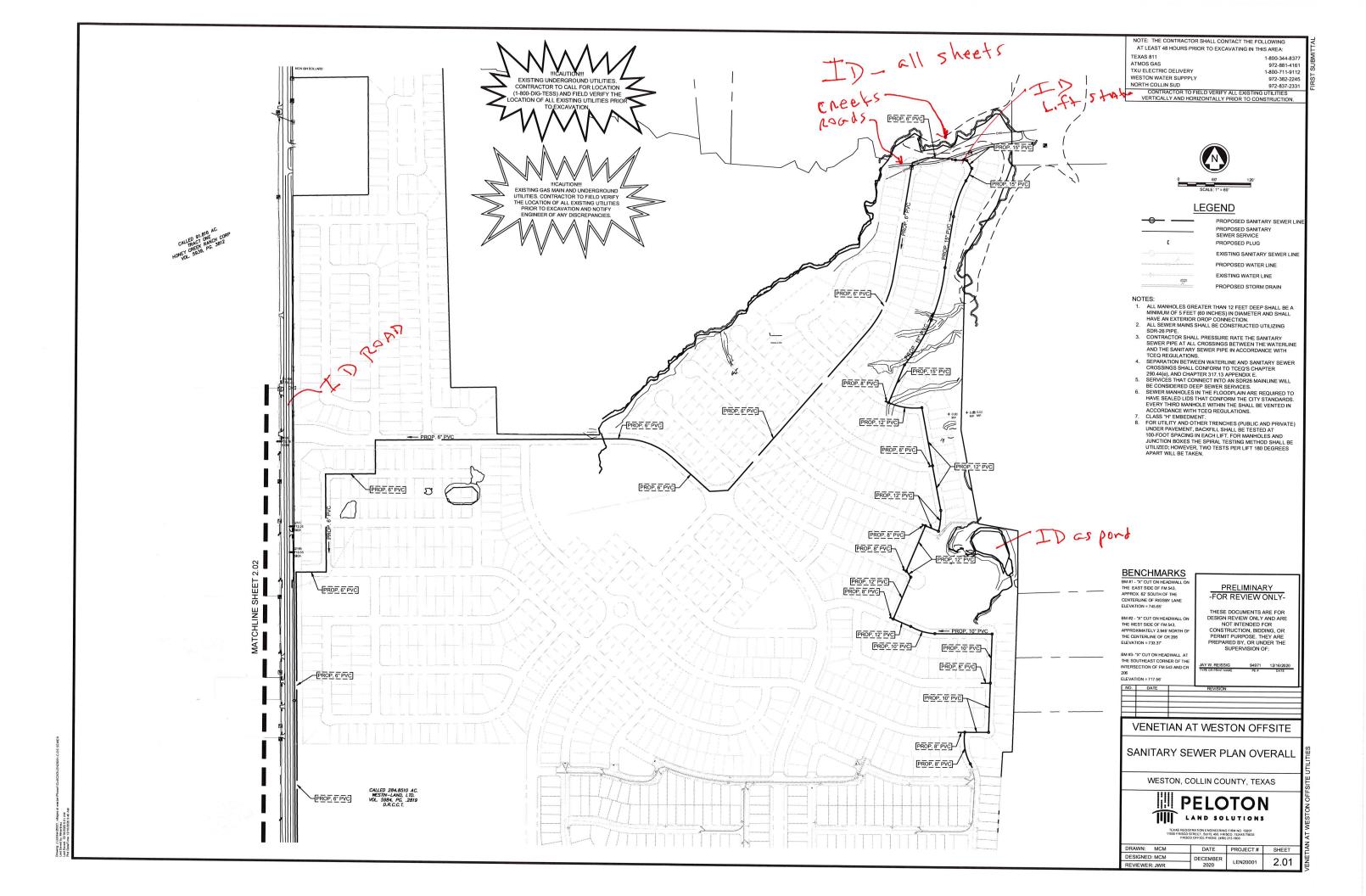


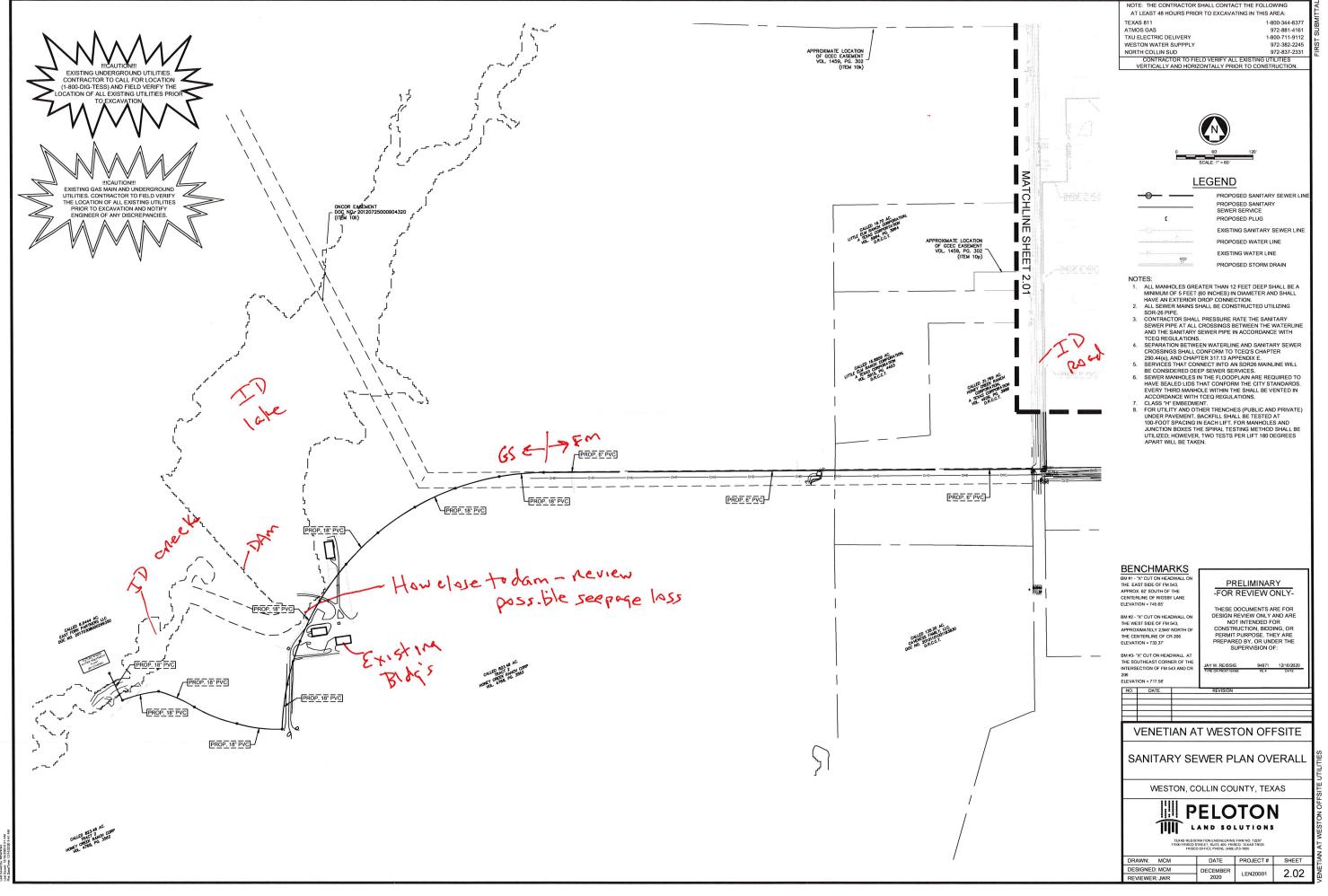


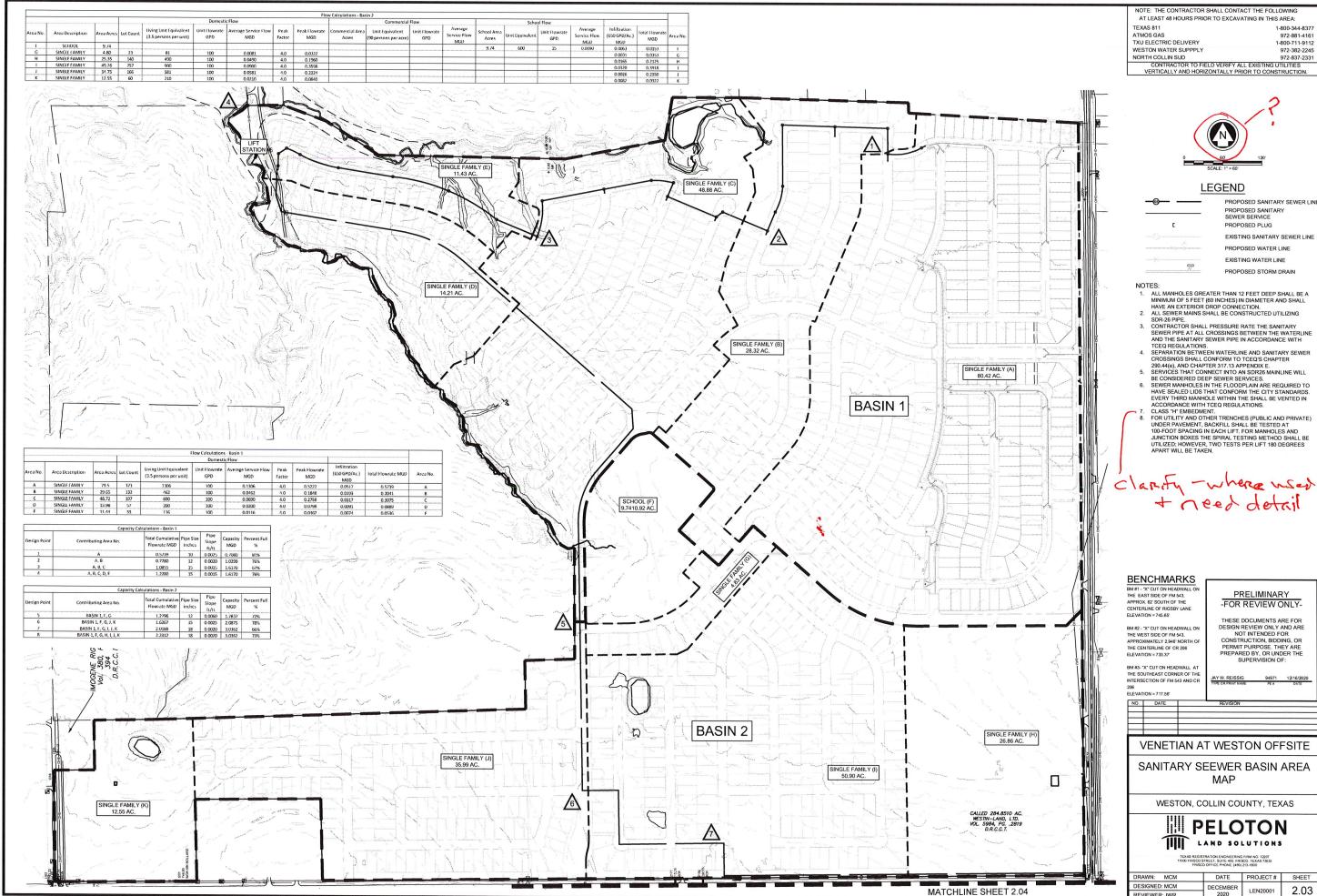
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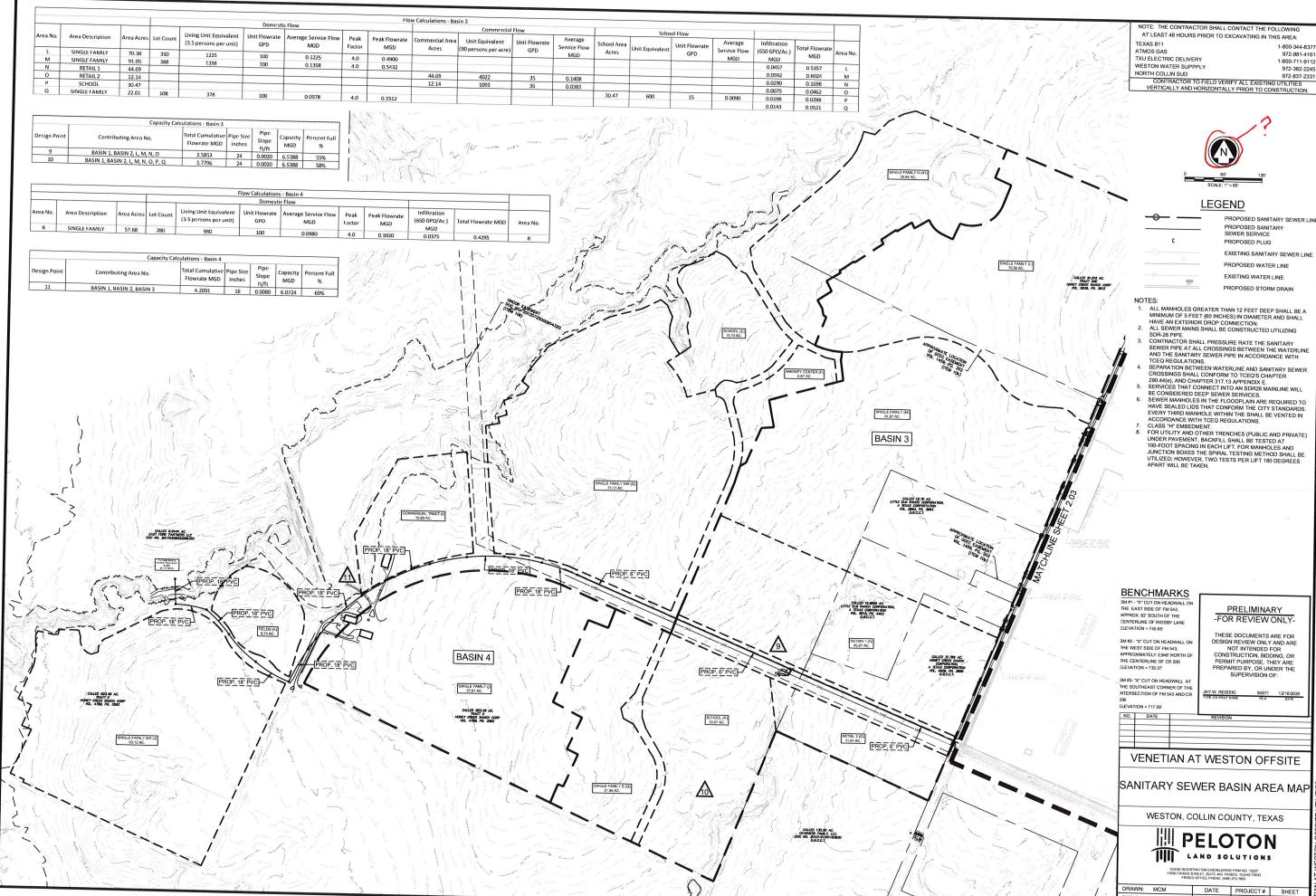






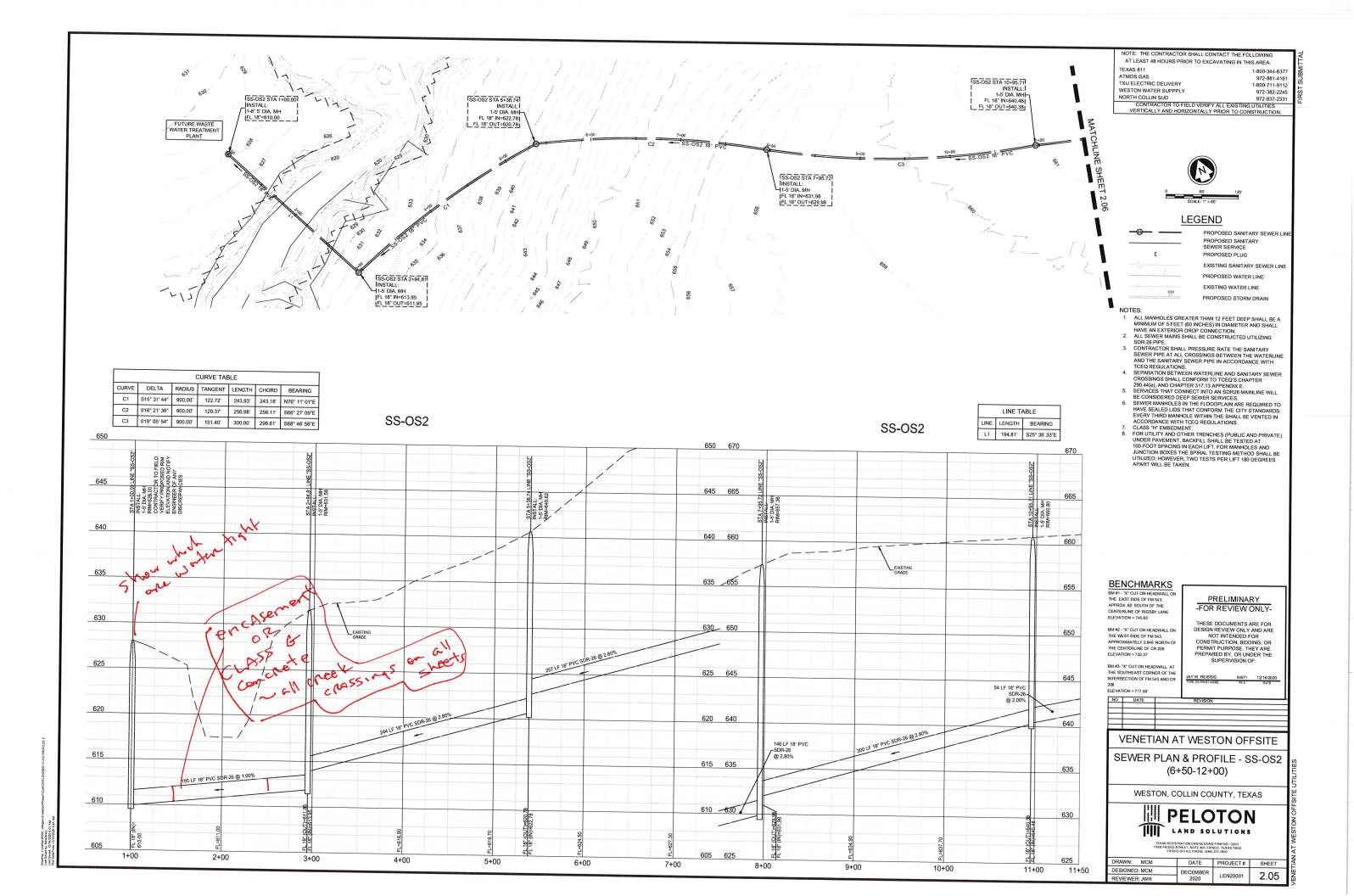


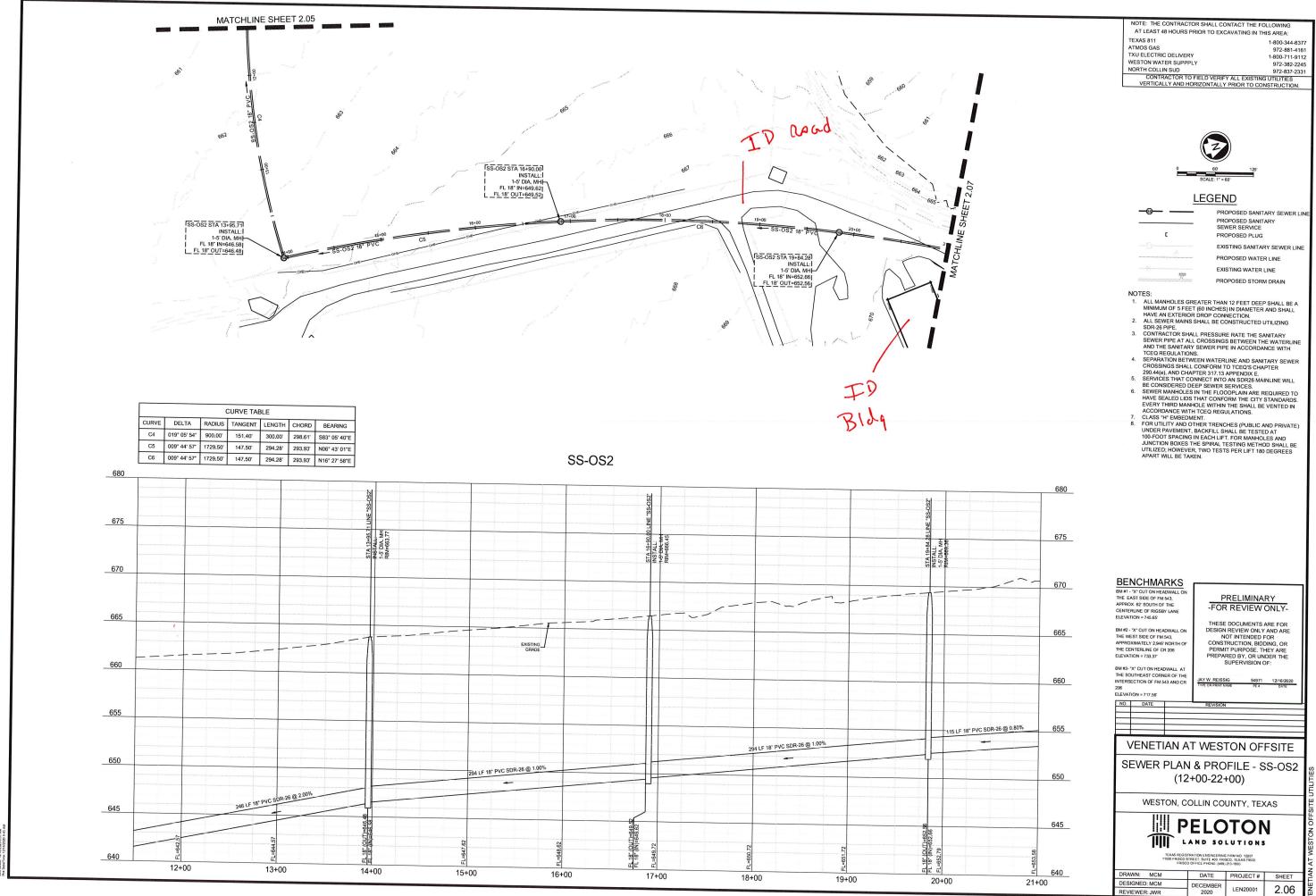
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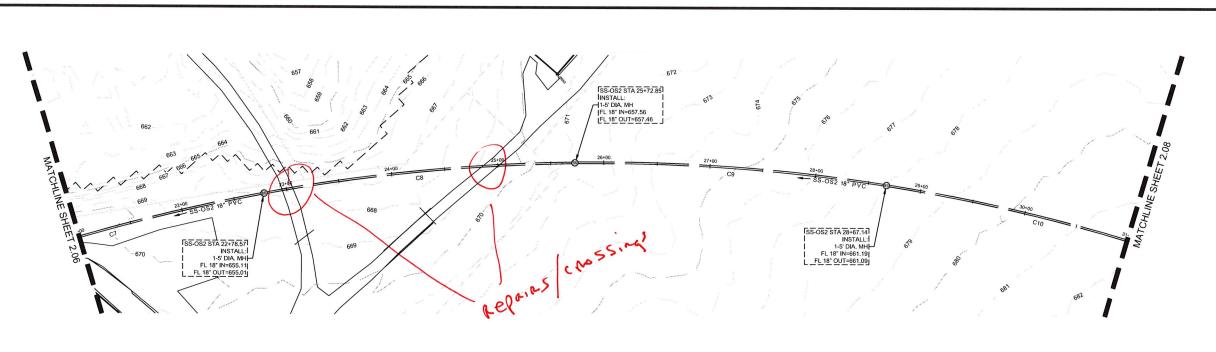


972-881-4161 1-800-711-9112 972-837-2331

DESIGNED: MCM DECEMBER 2020 2.04 LEN20001

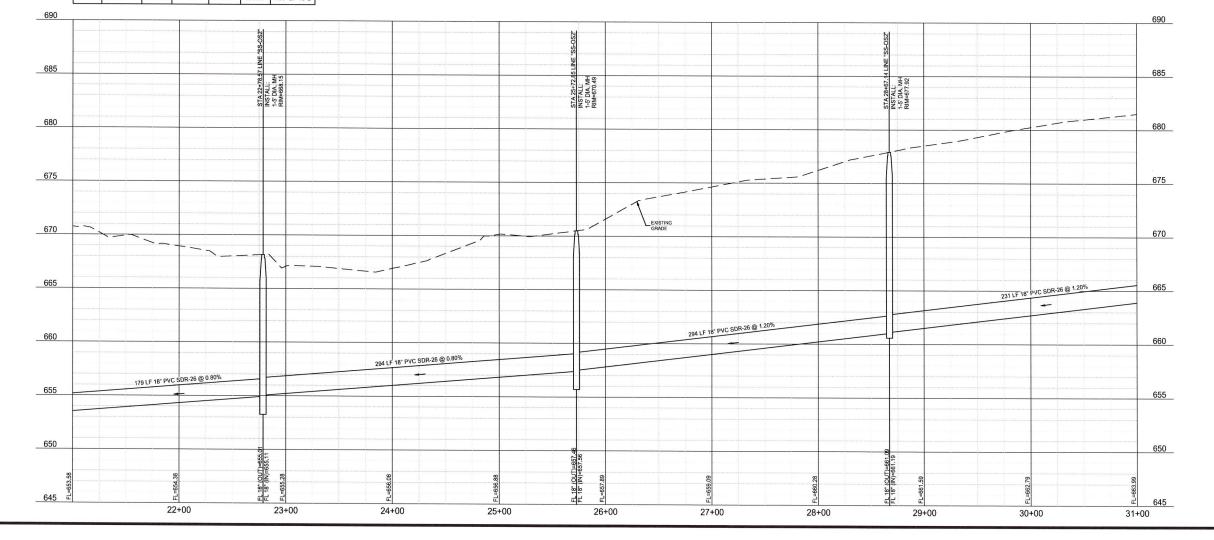






	CURVE TABLE							
CURVE	DELTA	RADIUS	TANGENT	LENGTH	CHORD	BEARING		
C7	009° 44' 57"	1729.50'	147.50'	294.28'	293.93'	N26° 12' 56"E		
C8	009° 44' 57"	1729.50'	147.50'	294.28'	293.93'	N35° 57' 53"E		
C9	009° 44' 57"	1729.50'	147.50'	294.28'	293.93'	N45° 42' 50"E		
C10	009° 44' 57"	1729.50'	147.50'	294.28'	293.93'	N55° 27' 48"E		

SS-OS2



NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE FOLLOWING AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THIS AREA: **TEXAS 811**

1-800-344-8377 972-881-4161 1-800-711-9112 ATMOS GAS TXU ELECTRIC DELIVERY WESTON WATER SUPPPLY 972-382-2245
NORTH COLLIN SUD 972-837-2331
CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY ALL EXISTING UTILITIES
VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.



LEGEND



EXISTING WATER LINE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN

NOTES:

- NOTES:

 1. ALL MANHOLES GREATER THAN 12 FEET DEEP SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET (80 INCHES) IN DIAMETER AND SHALL HAVE AN EXTERIOR DROP CONNECTION.

 2. ALL SEWER MAINS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED UTILIZING SDR-26 PIPE.

 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PRESSURE RATE THE SANITARY SEWER PIPE AT ALL CROSSINGS BETWEEN THE WATERLINE AND THE SANITARY SEWER PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TOEO REGULATIONS.

 4. SEPARATION BETWEEN WATERLINE AND SANITARY SEWER CROSSINGS SHALL CONFORM TO TOEO'S CHAPTER 290-44(e), AND CHAPTER 317-13 APPENDIX E.

 5. SERVICES THAT CONNECT INTO AN SDR26 MAINLINE WILL BE CONSIDERED DEEP SEWER SERVICES.

 5. SEWER MANHOLES IN THE FLOODPLAIN ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE SEALED LIDS THAT CONFORM THE CITY STANDARDS. EVERY THIRD MANHOLE WITHIN THE SHALL BE VENTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TOEO REGULATIONS.

 1. CLASS "H'E MBEDMENT.

 3. CLASS "H'E MBEDMENT.

 4. FOR UTILITY AND OTHER TRENCHES (PUBLIC AND PRIVATE) UNDER PAVEMENT, BACKFILL SHALL BE TESTED AT 100-FOOT SPACING IN EACH LIFT. FOR MANHOLES AND JUNCTION BOXES THE SPIRAL TESTING METHOD SHALL BE UTILIZED; HOWEVER, TWO TESTS PER LIFT 180 DEGREES APART WILL BE TAKEN.

BENCHMARKS

BM#1 - "X" CUT ON HEADWALL THE EAST SIDE OF FM 543, APPROX. 62' SOUTH OF THE CENTERLINE OF RIGSBY LANE ELEVATION = 745.65'

BM #2 - "X" CUT ON HEADWALL ON THE WEST SIDE OF FM 543, APPROXIMATELY 2,946' NORTH OF THE CENTERLINE OF CR 206 ELEVATION = 733.37

BM #3- "X" CUT ON HEADWALL AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE INTERSECTION OF FM 543 AND CR

PRELIMINARY -FOR REVIEW ONLY-

THESE DOCUMENTS ARE FOR DESIGN REVIEW ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR CONSTRUCTION, BIDDING, OR PERMIT PURPOSE. THEY ARE PREPARED BY, OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF:

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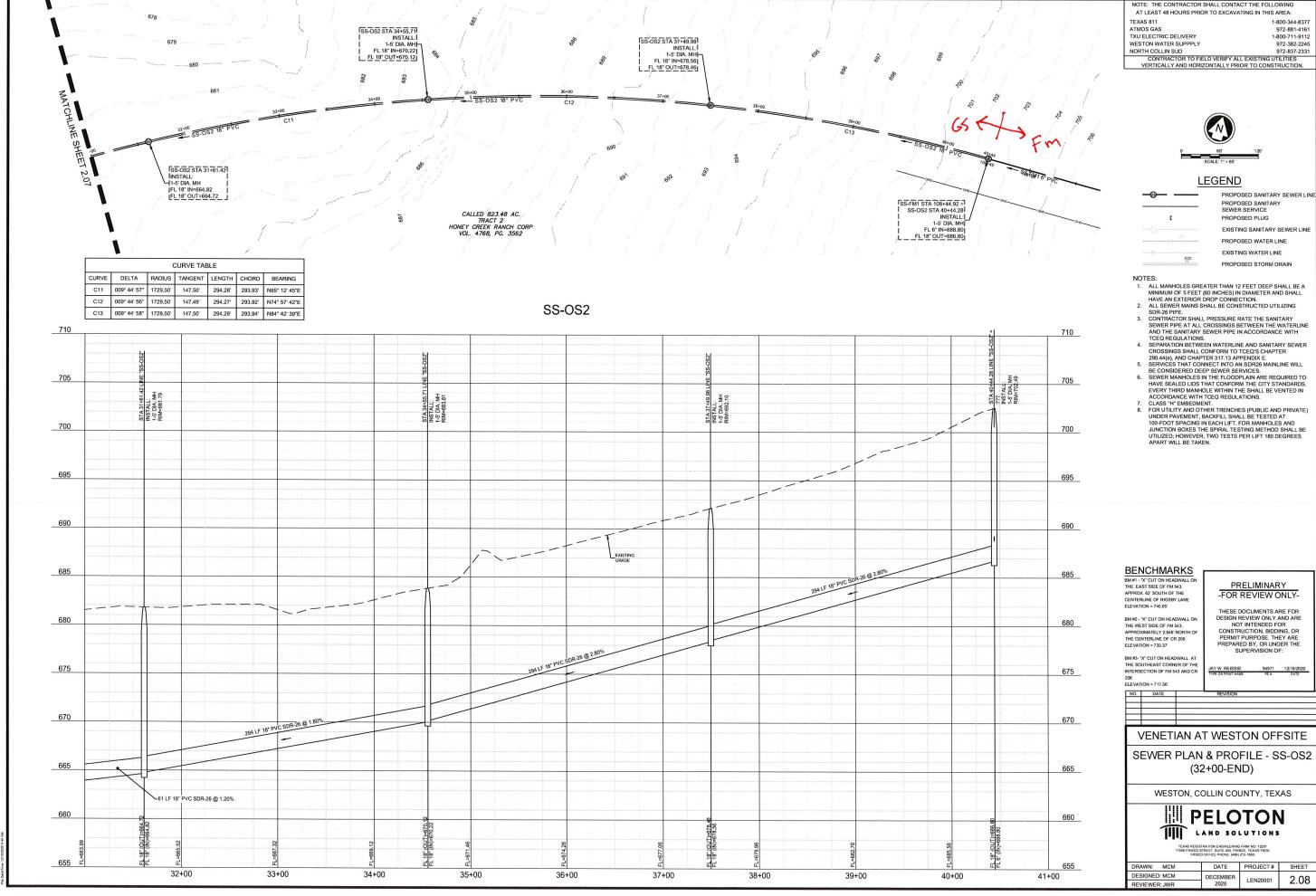
VENETIAN AT WESTON OFFSITE

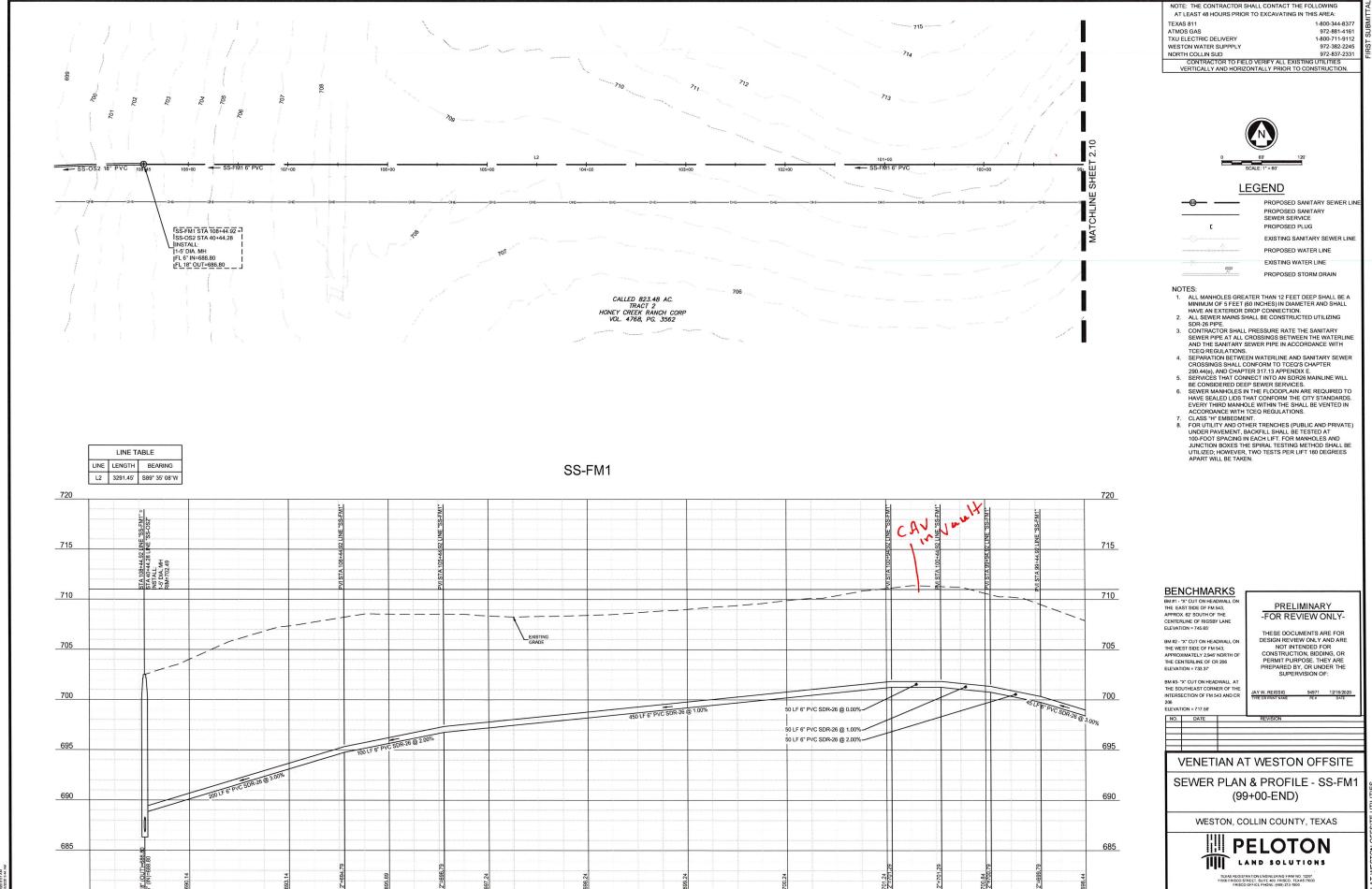
SEWER PLAN & PROFILE - SS-OS2 (22+00-32+00)

WESTON, COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS



DATE PROJECT# SHEET DESIGNED: MCM DECEMBER 2020 2.07 LEN20001





103+00

102+00

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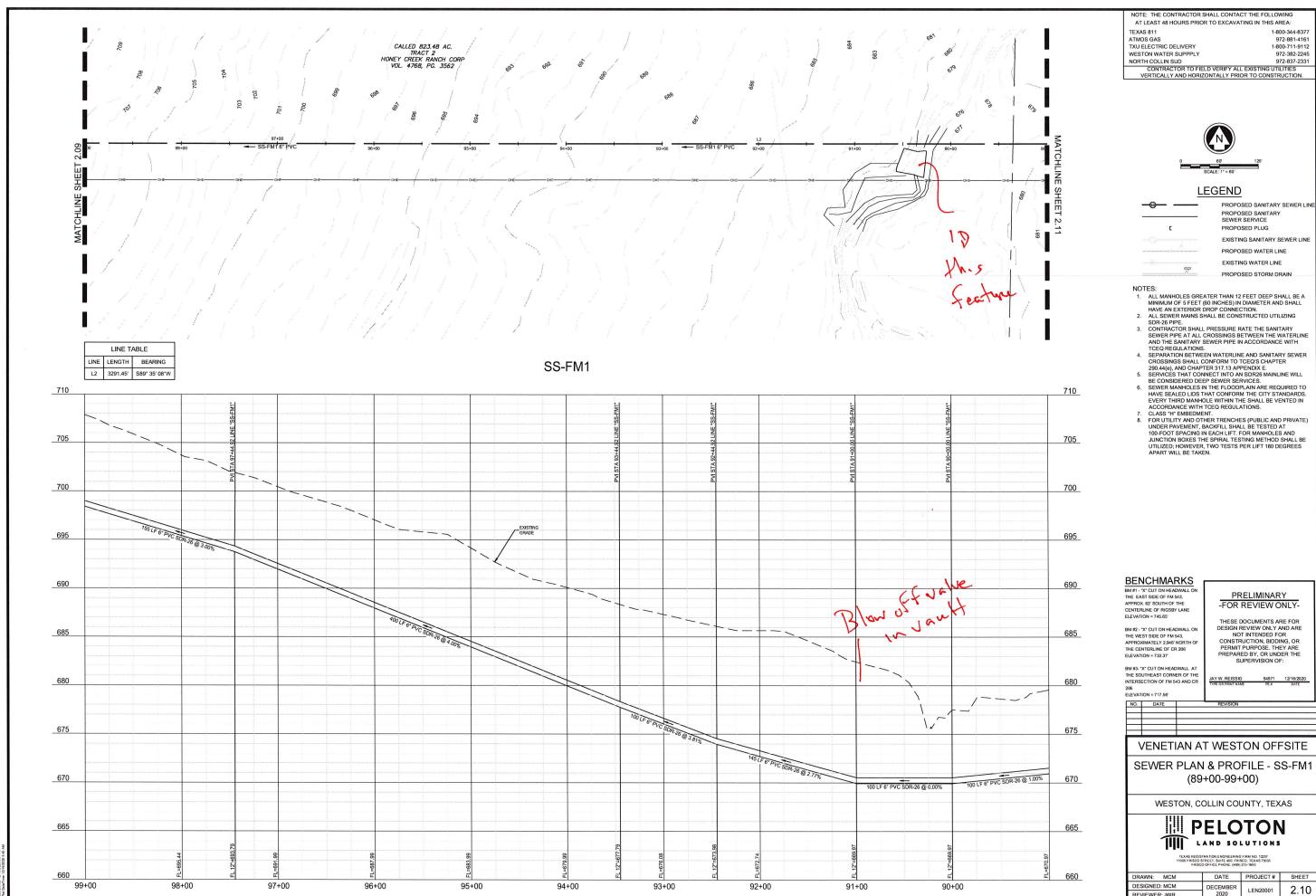
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DRAWN: MCM

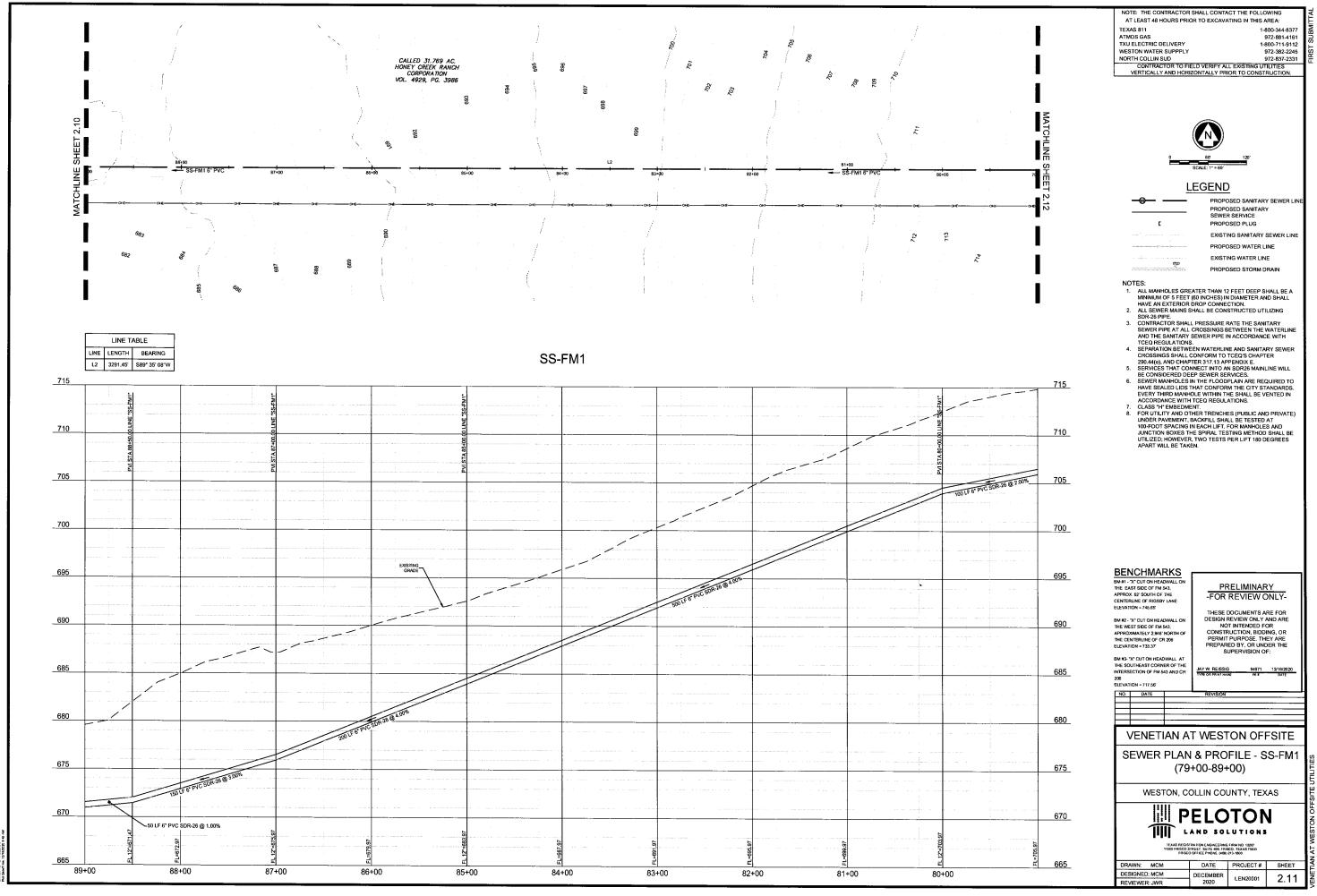
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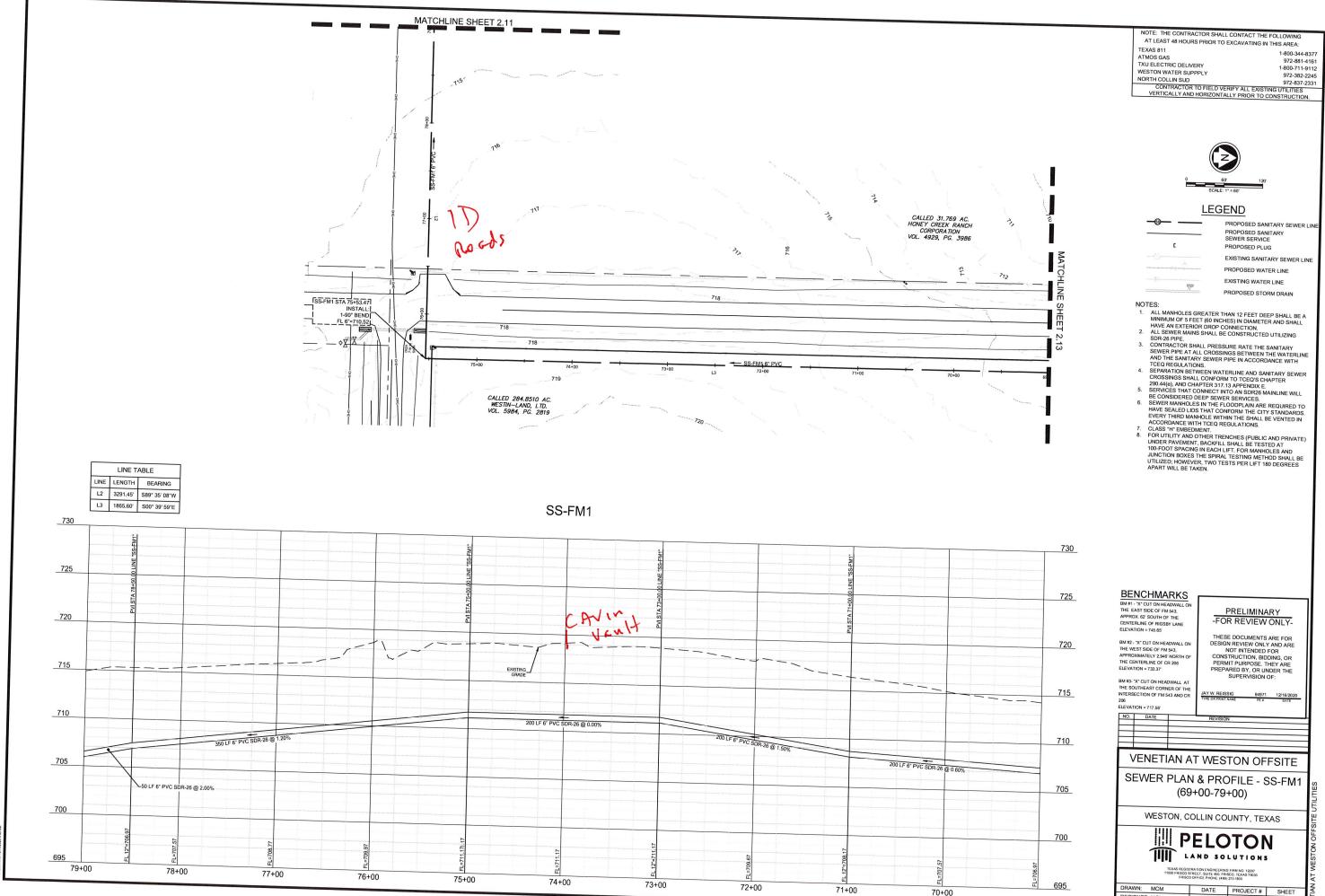
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DECEMBER 2020





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