CITY OF WESTON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE#
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
CITY OFFICIALS	2
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8 Not included
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	in Draft
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	9 10
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Notes to Financial Statements	11 12 13-21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	13-21
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	22
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Comparative Schedule of Revenues & Expenditures - General Fund	23
Schedule of Property Taxes	24

WILLIAM C SPORE, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Drive, Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

Independent Auditor's Report

DRAFT

To the City Council City of Weston, Texas

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major funds of the City of Weston, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Weston, Texas, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements the collectively comprise the City of Weston's basic financial statements. The schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general fund and the schedule of property taxes are presented for additional analysis and are not a part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general fund and the schedule of property taxes are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of comparative revenues and expenditures - general fund and the schedule of property taxes are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

William C. Spore, P.C. Keller, Texas Certified Public Accountants December 8, 2015

CITY OFFICIALS

September 30, 2015

MAYOR Patti Harrington

MAYOR PRO TEM Kevin Deal

COUNCILMEN Carol Decker

Randall Hales

Bruce Morrell

John Tingle

SECRETARY Susan Coffer

CITY ATTORNEY Taylor, Olsen, Adkins, Stralla & Elam

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash Restricted Cash Receivables: Sales & Franchise Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 327,469 1,540 5,206 747
Capital Assets: Land - Parks Buildings Equipment Public Works Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	34,500 78,748 30,374 199,430 (114,426) 228,626
TOTAL ASSETS	563,588
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Developer Advances Payable	3,672 1,177 1,529
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,378
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,378
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Asset, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	228,626 328,584
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 557,210

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	CAPITAL DONATIONS	NET GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Public Health Streets Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	\$ (61,220) (5,284) (23,073) (1,938) \$ (91,515)	0 0 0	0 0 0	\$ (24,352) (5,284) (23,073) (1,938)
GENERAL REVENUE				
Property Taxes Sales Taxes Franchise Fees Interest Income				54,987 9,376 12,233 90
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE				76,686
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS				22,039
NET POSITION - BEGINNING				535,171
NET POSITION - ENDING			9	557,210

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Restricted Cash - Developer Advances Receivable - Sales & Franchise Taxes Receivable - Property Taxes TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$_	GENERAL FUND 327,469 1,540 5,206 747 334,962
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	3,672
Accrued Payroll Taxes		1,177
Developer Advances Payable		1,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	6,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	19	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	747
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned, Reported In General Fund	-	327,837
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	-	327,837
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS &		
FUND BALANCE	\$ _	334,962

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Fund Balance Above	\$	327,837
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities at not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Fund Balance Sheet	re	228,626
Receivables that are not available to pay for cur period expenditures are not considered current revenues in the fund statements:	rent	
Property Taxes		747
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in to current period and therefore are not reported in Fund Balance Sheet		0
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIE	s	557.210

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES	GENERAL FUND
Property Taxes Sales Taxes Franchise Fees Permits & Fees Developer Donations Interest Income	\$ 55,131 9,376 12,233 2,368 34,500 90
TOTAL REVENUES	113,698
EXPENDITURES	
General Government Public Health Streets Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principle Debt Service - Interest	56,152 5,284 3,897 39,250 65,484 1,938
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	172,005
EXPENDITURES	(58,307)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	386,144
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 327,837

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$	(58,307)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Repayment on debt principle is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	65,484
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:	
Capital assets recorded in the current period	39,250
Depreciation expense on capital assets	(24,244)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements:	
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	(144)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$	22,039

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -

The City of Weston operates under a Council-Mayor form of government, following the laws of a General Law City as defined by the State of Texas. The City provides the following services: ambulance, inspection, streets, and general administrative services.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to local governments. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in P80 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the City has elected to not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant accounting policies of the City are discussed below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the City (the primary government). The City has no component units (separately administered organizations that are controlled or dependent on the City).

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's ambulance, inspection, streets, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City does not provide any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts- invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net costs of each of the City's Functions (general government, public safety, and streets). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (building permits).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while capital grants reflect capital specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales, and franchise taxes).

The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C: BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The City only provides Governmental Fund type activities and these activities are accounted for the General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City.

The City does not provide any Business-type activities.

The City does not have any Fiduciary Funds.

D: MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- 1. Government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expensed are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.
- 2. Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

"Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (typical within 60 days after year end). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principle and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized only when payment is due.

3. Revenue Recognition:

The City considers property taxes, franchise fees, sanitation revenues and grants as available if collected within 60 days after year end. Sales and hotel/motel taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental revenues are recognized when received.

4. Restricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available the City first applies restricted resources.

5. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles to local governments in the United States of America requires management and those charged with governance to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6: New Accounting Principles:

The GASB has issued the following statements that will be effective in the future years.

- No. 72, Technical Corrections amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. This statement will not affect the City.
- No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, This statement will not affect the City.
- No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This statement will not affect the City.
- No 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement will not affect the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS:

1. Cash and cash Equivalents:

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful lives of assets are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 15 years Office Equipment 3 - 5 years Infrastructure 10-30 years

3. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In additions to assets the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometime report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable property tax revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

4. Taxes:

Property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are due October 1, the levy date, and are delinquent after the following January 31. Property taxes are recorded as receivables in the period they are levied and available. For governmental fund financial reporting, delinquent taxes estimated not to be available are treated as deferred revenues at the time the taxes are assessed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

5. Prepaid Expenses:

Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent year.

6. Compensated Absences and Retirement Plan:

The City Secretary is the only paid employee of the City. The amount, if any, of any accrued compensated absences is immaterial and is not recorded in these financial statements. The City does not provide a retirement plan for its employee.

7. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Any outstanding debt is reduced by any unspent debt proceeds at the end of the fiscal year before the reduction discussed above.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the criteria of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable (prepaid expenses), restricted (by parties outside of the government or by enabling legislation), committed (by City Council ordinance or resolution) and unassigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

F: BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1: Prior to September 1, the City Secretary submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2: Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3: Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 4: Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 5: Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015 the following departments had expenditures exceeding appropriations:

Department Amount over Budget

Capital Additions \$ 34,500

NOTE 2: CASH:

At September 30, 2015 the City's cash and cash equivalents were made up of the following:

Petty Cash	\$	788
Held at a local bank	_	328,221
	\$	329,009

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures:

(1) Custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of outside parties.

At September 30, 2015 the City's bank balances (per bank) totaled \$327,406. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$77,406 was secured by collateral held by the pledging Bank's agent in the name of the City. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2015.

Securities pledged by the City's depository institution at September 30, 2015 are as follows:

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 202,659	\$ 210,337
SECURITY	PAR	FMV

(2) Interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk:

The City does not have any investments and therefor is not subject to interest rate risk, credit risk or concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH:

At September 30, 2015 the City has restricted cash as follows:

Developer Advances

In September 2009 Land Advisors, LTD., a local developer, advanced the City \$10,000 to be used solely for future development costs. At September 30, 2015 the City held \$1,541 of restricted development funds which are held in a separately maintained developer escrow bank account. There were no disbursements from the account during the fiscal year. As these remaining funds are expended the developer will be required to deposit additional funds in to the developer escrow account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS:	E	BEGINNING		ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS	ENDING
Land-Parks	\$	0	\$	34,500	\$ 0	\$ 34,500
Building & Improvements		75,098		3,650	0	78,748
Equipment		30,205		1,100	931	30,374
Infrastructure	53	199,430	20	0	0	 199,430
TOTAL	\$ _	304,733	21	39,250	931	343,052
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIA	ATION:					
Building & Improvements	\$	59,632		2,966	0	62,598
Office Equipment		9,973		2,102	931	11,144
Infrastructure	·	21,508	8 1	19,176	 0	40,684
TOTAL ACCUM.						
DEPRECIATION	_	91,113		24,244	931	114,426
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	213,620	\$	15,006	\$ 0	\$ 228,626

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 5,068
Public Works	19,176
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 24,244

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT:

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	BEGINNING	ADDITIONS	PAYMENTS	ENDING
Note Payable-Collin County	\$ 65,484	\$ 0	\$ 65,484	\$ 0
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ 65,484	\$ 0	\$ 65,484	\$ 0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Note Payable Collin County

During 2012 the City entered into an interlocal agreement with Collin County for the improvement of certain shared roads. The City agreed to pay \$123,529 of the total cost of the road improvements and the County agreed to finance the improvements. The loan agreement required the City to make 120 monthly installments of \$1,222. The first installment was due November 1, 2011 and the loan bears interest at 3.50%. The City paid of the loan in April 2015.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TMLIRP") which is a public entity insurance risk pool. Annual contributions to TML are reported in the general fund. Management believes coverage presently purchased from TMLIRP is sufficient to preclude significant uninsured losses to the City.

NOTE 7: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Management has reviewed subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date through December 8, 2015 (the date the City Council approved the financial statements). The financial statements include all Type I events or transactions, including estimates, required to be recognized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Management and those charged with governance have determined that there are no non-recognized Type II subsequent events which would require additional disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

For	For the Year Ended September 30, 2015							
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
	55,908	\$ 55,908	55,131 \$	(777)				
Property Taxes \$			N					
Sales Taxes	4,500	4,500	9,376	4,876				
Franchise Fees	14,000	14,000	12,233	(1,767)				
Permits & Fees	465	465	2,368	1,903				
Developer Donations	0	0	34,500	34,500				
Interest Income	175	175	90	(85)				
TOTAL RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	75,048	75,048	113,698	38,650				
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
General Government: Public Notices & Filing Fees	700	986	558	428				
Dues & Subscriptions	536	536	536	0				
Election Costs	5,000	0	0	0				
Insurance	1,550	1,550	1,394	156				
Accounting Services	2,500	2,500	2,500	0				
Legal Services	6,000	4,043	2,768	1,275				
Engineering Services	2,500							
	2,500 600	1,000 595	0 597	1,000				
Tax Appraisal & Collection Costs				(2)				
Repair & Maintenance	4,210	5,805	5,150	655				
Supplies	2,676	3,303	2,978	325				
Telephone, Utilities & Website	9,561	10,634	10,557	77				
Travel & Training	100	164	136	28				
Payroll Taxes	2,815	2,753	2,068	685				
Wages	28,000	27,200	26,910	290				
Total General Government	66,748	61,069	56,152	4,917				
Public Health:	400	0	0	0				
Code Enforcement & Inspection	100	0	0	0				
EMS Services	5,461	5,461	5,284	177				
Total Public Health	5,561	5,461	5,284	177				
Streets:	24.000	E0 10E	2.907	EE 200				
Street Repairs & Signs	24,006	59,105	3,897	55,208				
Capital Additions:	0	2.050	2.050	0				
Building Improvements	0	3,650	3,650	0				
Office Equipment	1,100	1,100	1,100	0				
Parks Land	0	0	34,500	(34,500)				
Total Capital Additions	1,100	4,750	39,250	(34,500)				
Debt Service:	00.050	67.400	07.400					
Collin County Loan Payments	26,658	67,422	67,422	0				
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)	124,073	197,807	172,005	25,802				
EXCESS OF RESOURCES OVER		_						
(UNDER) APPROPRIATIONS	(49,025)	(122,759)	(58,307)	64,452				
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	386,144	386,144	386,144	0				
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance \$		\$ 263,385	327,837 \$	64,452				
20								

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015, 2014 & 2013

	Year Ending September 30,				
REVENUES	2015		2014		2013
Property Taxes	\$ 55,131	\$	51,021	\$	43,334
Sales Taxes	9,376		6,602		6,474
Franchise Fees	12,233		14,676		12,509
Permits & Fees	2,368		1,615		2,185
Miscellaneous Revenues	0		0		769
Interest Income	90		194		374
Developer Donations/Reimbursements	34,500		41		1,007
TOTAL REVENUES	113,698		74,149		66,652
EXPENDITURES					
General Government:					
Advertising & Public Notices	558		685		383
Dues & Subscriptions	536		460		622
Election Costs	0		0		75
Insurance	1,394		1,402		1,541
Accounting Services	2,500		2,500		2,500
Legal Services	2,768		4,416		12,421
Engineering Services	0		500		1,812
Tax Appraisal & Collection Costs	597		576		519
Repair & Maintenance	5,150		3,105		4,195
Supplies	2,978		3,731		1,779
Telephone, Utilities & Website	10,557		8,202		9,505
Travel & Training	136		0		36
Payroll Taxes	2,068		2,177		1,616
City Secretary-Wages	26,910		26,480		18,552
Total General Government	56,152		54,234		55,556
Development Expenses					
Public Health:					
Code Enforcement & Inspection Services	0		50		640
Donation to Fire Department	0		0		400
Ambulance Services	5,284		5,461		5,572
Total Public Health	5,284		5,511		6,612
Streets:		i decimi		L .	
Street Repairs, Improvements & Signs	3,897		645		2,717
Capital Additions:	00.050				
Building/Office Equipment/Public Works	39,250		146,116		22,023
Debt Service:	07.100		00.050		
Collin County Loan Payments	67,422		26,658		38,232
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	172,005		233,164		125,140
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		n oo v			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (58,307)	\$	(159,015)		(58,488)

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES

September 30, 2015

Property Tax Year		2014		2013		2012		2011
Assessed Value	\$	15,018,414	\$	14,075,961	\$	13,865,183	\$	12,410,260
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value		0.360000	_	0.360000	-	0.300000	15 51	0.300000
Total Tax Levy	\$_	54,066	\$_	50,673	\$_	41,596	\$_	37,231
Collections During Fiscal Year	\$_	53,762	\$_	50,145	\$_	41,097	\$_	36,419
% of Current Taxes Collected		99.44%	_	98.96%	_	98.80%		97.82%

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent on February 1 of the following year.

WILLIAM C. SPORE, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Dr., Ste 16 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

December 8, 2015

To the Mayor & City Council City of Weston

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of the City of Weston for the year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued my report thereon dated December 8, 2015. Professional standards require that I provide you with the following information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated September 8, 2015. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by City of Weston are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2015. I noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 8, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, my professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of City of Weston and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

William C. Spore

Certified Public Accountant

WILLIAM C. SPORE, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Dr., Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

To the City Council City of Weston

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the City of Weston as of and for the year ending September 30, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the City of Weston' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be a material weakness.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William C. Spore, PC Certified Public Accountants December 8, 2015